

Importance of Good Data Management

Experience from a mid-sized biotech

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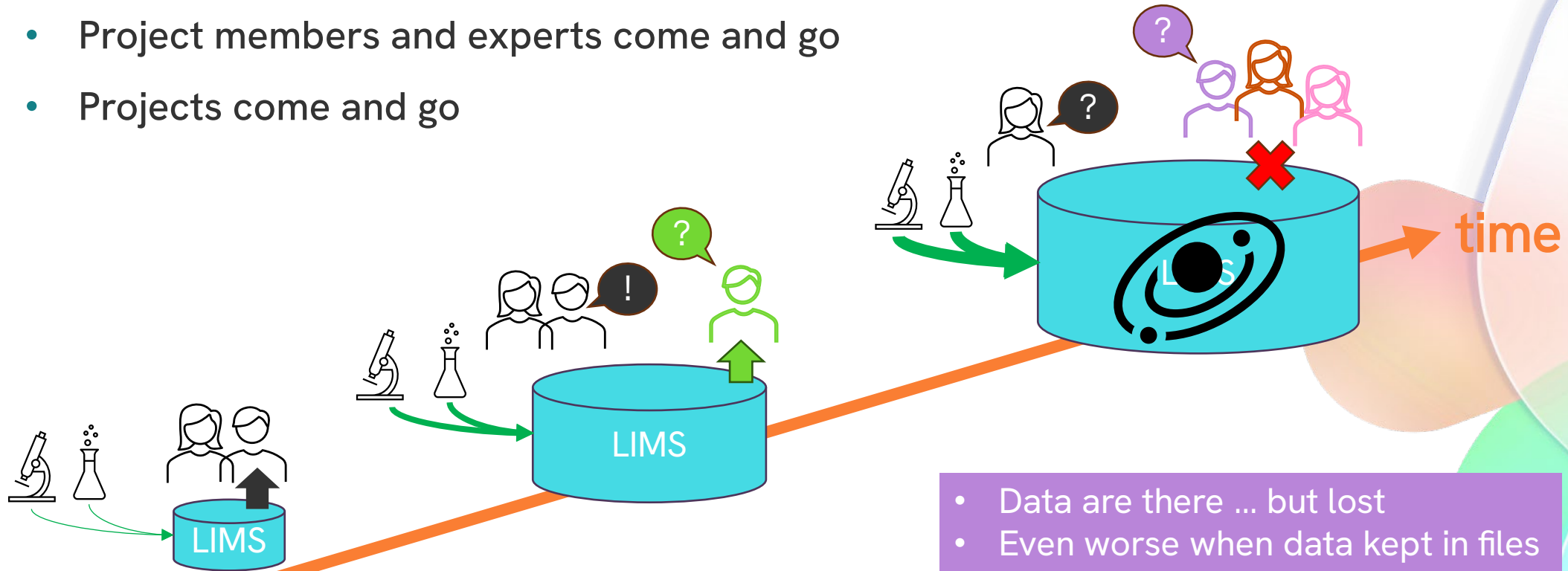
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Context

- **European Biotech created in 1999**
 - Target discovery platform
 - Drug discovery, mostly small molecules
 - By 2018 : 725 employees and millions of experimental results generated
- **Data platform**
 - Designed as a LIMS system, originally to support target discovery
 - On premise Oracle database with PHP coded interface for querying

Situation : a data “black hole”

- Project members and experts come and go
- Projects come and go



- Data are there ... but lost
- Even worse when data kept in files
- → if found, not usable
- → re-do experiments (ttt, \$\$\$)

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FAIR data principles



F
indable

- (Meta)data have **unique & persistent identifier** (e.g., DOI)
- **Rich metadata** describing the data
- Metadata includes data identifier
- Registered in searchable resource/repository



A
ccessible

- Retrievable via standardized protocol (HTTP, FTP)
- Protocol is open, free & universally implementable
- Authentication & authorization when needed
- Metadata remains accessible even when data is not



I
nteroperable

- Formal, shared, broadly applicable **language**
- **Vocabularies** following FAIR principles
- Qualified references to other data/metadata
- Machine-readable & exchangeable formats



R
eusable

- **Rich description** with accurate attributes
- Clear & accessible usage license
- Detailed provenance information
- Meets domain-relevant community standards

 → Requires **semantics** = defining a common language in a community

Different levels of semantics elaborated with experts

weak semantics

Controlled
Vocabularies
("CV")

- species
- human
- mouse
- rat

Informal
Hierarchy

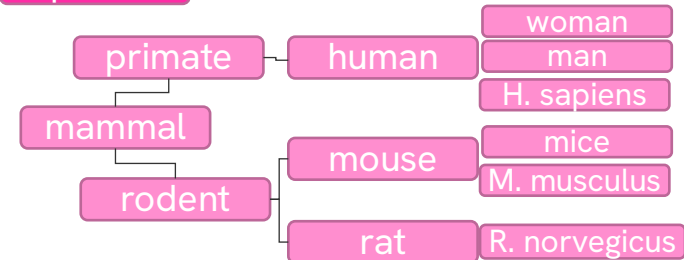
Thesaurus
▪ (Synonyms)

- species
- human
 - woman
 - man
 - H. sapiens
- mouse
 - mice
 - M. musculus
- rat
 - R. norvegicus

Taxonomy

- Formal *parent-child* relations ✓
- Generalization hierarchy ✓

species



Conceptual
Model

strong semantics

Ontology

- description logic
- axioms
- rules

Ontologies in Life Sciences – Drug Discovery



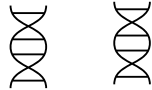
species



anatomy



cells



genes



transcripts



proteins



molecules



experiments



diseases



therapeutic modalities

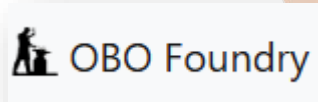


compounds

targets

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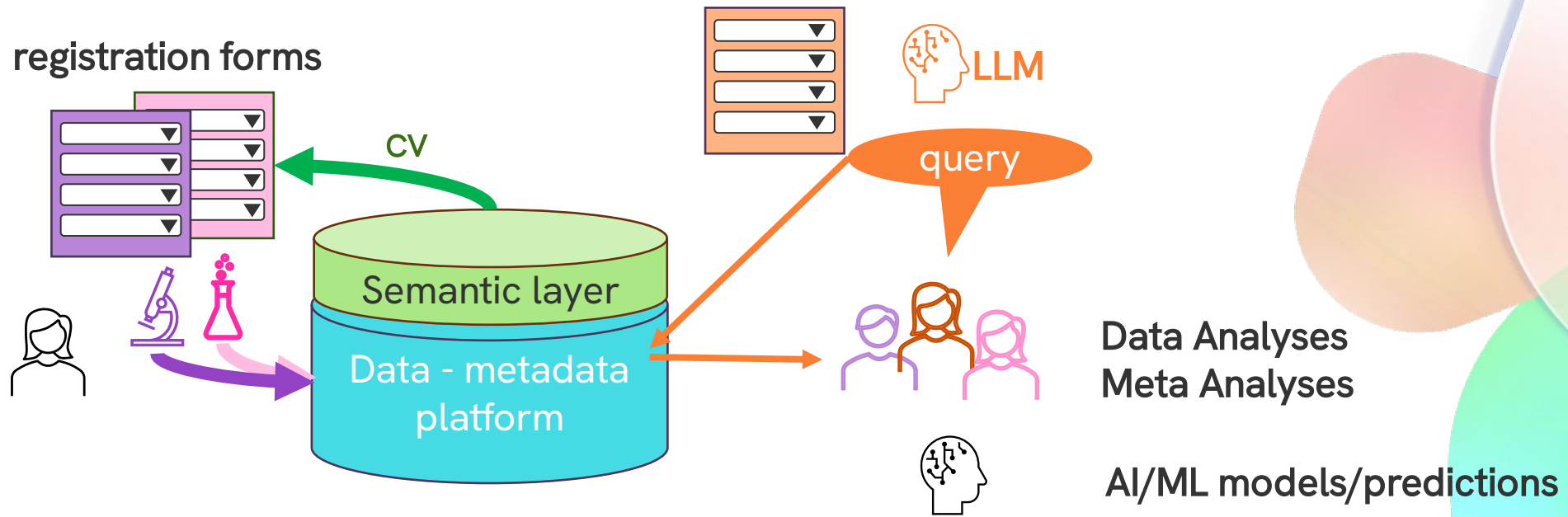
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Concretely

Data production

Data consumption



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Take home messages

- Follow the FAIR data principle
- When possible, annotate data by the experts who generate them
- Enforce use of terminologies, ideally supported by ontologies
- Benefits:
 - Capitalize on your data = your assets
 - Find them, reuse them, share them
 - Machines can properly interpret them → AI/ML

